

PUBLIC PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY GHANA

2022 NATIONAL PUBLIC PROCUREMENT ASSESSMENT REPORT

MAY 2025

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. INTRODUCTION

In fulfilment of its mandate stated in Sections 3(d) and 3(h) of the Public Procurement Act, 2003 (Act 663) as amended, the Public Procurement Authority assessed the procurement activities undertaken in the year 2022 by Public Procurement Entities in Ghana.

The assessment of the procurement performance of the Entities was done using the Public Procurement Model of Excellence (PPME) tool. The PPME tool analysed data collected from seven hundred and eighty-seven (787) Entities using the Evaluation Grid and Contracts Data Sheet. Two reports – qualitative Performance Assessment System (PAS) Report and quantitative Performance Measurement Indicators (PMI) Report – were generated from the analysis of the data.

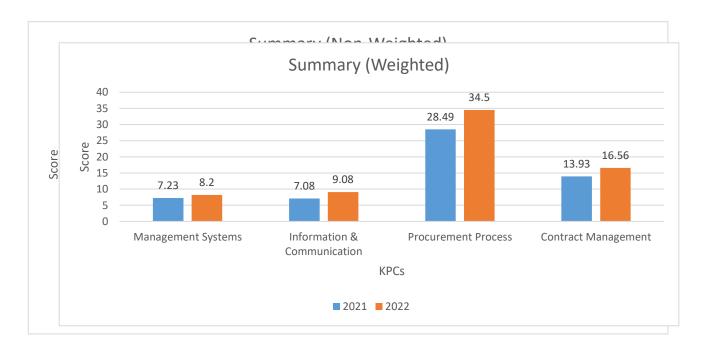
B. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM (PAS) REPORT

The Performance Assessment System Report covers four main areas:

- Management Systems.
- Information and Communication;
- Procurement Process; and
- Contract Management

Chart A displays the overall scores obtained under each of these four areas in 2022 alongside those for 2021.

CHART A: <u>PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM S</u>CORES



- 1. Under the **MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS**, the score for 2022 was 54.65% compared to 48.21% in 2021. Management provided the necessary support to the conduct of procurement in the Entities. Evidence gathered showed some improvement in the implementation of capacity development programmes for procurement officers and internal auditors to enable them to properly play their respective roles in the conduct of the procurement activities of Entities.
- 2. The INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION category recorded 60.56% in 2022 compared to 47.22% for 2021. There continued to be improvement in the engagement of the Service Providers to improve their responsiveness requirements of the Entities. Data gathered showed improvement in the use of the PPA Standard Tender Documents and Supplier Database on PPA website by the Entities. However, most Entities did not use GHANEPS and Internal Notice Boards for their procurement activities.
- 3. The **PROCUREMENT PROCESS**, which sought information on the Entities' knowledge of the procurement cycle, recorded 76.67% in 2022 compared to 63.31% in 2021. All the indicators recorded an improvement in performance. Though the performance increased in 2022, some Entities did not post their procurement plans on the PPA website and did not also publish their Contract Award or inform unsuccessful tenderers of tendering outcomes. These shortcomings work against increasing the levels of transparency associated with the award of contracts.
- 4. The **CONTRACT MANAGEMENT** category looked at Entities' ability to follow through the performance of the contracts they awarded. The overall score was 66.24% in 2022 compared to the 2021 score of 55.71%, indicating an overall improvement for the category. Though the Entities' performance improved in all the indicators under Contract Management, it was observed that the performance under the sub-categories of Supervision and Inventory Control and Disposal was low and needed to be worked at. Some Entities still had issues with records-keeping, especially as related to management of their Stores. There was also a decline in the supervision of projects.

C. PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS

There are 11 Performance Measurement Indicators (PMIs). These indicators provide the means of measuring the performance of the activities they cover. The scores for 2022 are compared with those for 2021 in Table A.

TABLE A: PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS FOR 2022

	INDICATOR	METRICS	CRITERIA		ULTS
	Hibreriion		CHILLIA	2022	2021
1.	Advertisement of tender	a) % of open tendering procedures advertised	Percentage	96.14%	97.96%
	opportunities	b) % of open tendering procedures opened publicly and recorded	Percentage	91.01%	94.62%
2.	Publication of awards	% of contracts awards published	Percentage	11.92%	13.04%
3.	Time for tender invitation and opening	Average number of days between invitation to tender and tender opening	Number	16 DAYS	16 DAYS
4.	Tenderer participation	Average number of tenderers per notice	Number	6	7
5.	Responsive tenders	% of responsive tenders per notice	percentage	88.14%	94.78%
			INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDERING	0.13%	0.10%
	Method of procurement		RESTRICTED TENDERING	2.29%	2.19%
			SINGLE SOURCE	3.78%	3.90%
6.		% of tenders using each of the procurement methods	NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDERING	20.19%	17.74%
			PRICE QUOTATION	71.04%	74.31%
			LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	2.56%	1.75%
7.	Tender processing lead-time	Average number of days between tender opening and contract award	number	24 DAYS	33 DAYS
8.	Cancelled tendering procedures	% of tendering procedures cancelled per the provisions of ACT 663 as amended.	percentage	-	-
9.	Protests	a) Tendering procedures with protests	number	47	305
		b) % Protests resolved	percentage	14.89%	20%
10	Resolution of	a) Contracts with disputes	number	67	75
10.	contract disputes	b) % of contracts with resolved disputes	percentage	-	-
11.	Contract	a) % of contracts completed fully with acceptable performance	percentage	94.91%	95.81%
	completion	b) % of contracts with completion reports	percentage	85.58%	82.98%

The breakdown, shown in Table B, gives the ratio for each of the methods of procurement based on the total number of tenders put out in 2022. In 2022, Price Quotation was the predominant method used as it was in 2021.

TABLE B: PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TENDERS

PROCUREMENT METHOD	PERCENTAGE			
PROCUREMENT METHOD	2022	2021		
INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.13%	0.10%		
RESTRICTED TENDER	2.29%	2.19%		
SINGLE SOURCE	3.78%	3.90%		
NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	20.19%	17.74%		
PRICE QUOTATION	71.04%	74.31%		
LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	2.56%	1.75%		

In terms of the values of the transactions captured, Table C gives the distribution per procurement method and shows the predominance of Single Source Method in value in 2022 and 2021. an analysis of Tables B and C shows that in terms of frequency of usage of the various procurement methods, Price Quotation was the highest in 2022 and 2021. However, in terms of values, the Single Source had higher values. The is because the value or amount of the Price Quotation method is limited by its threshold while the Single Source method has no threshold limitation.

TABLE C: DISTRIBUTION OF PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON TENDER VALUES

PROCUREMENT METHOD	PERCENTAGE			
PROCUREMENT METHOD	2022	2021		
INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.14%	0.93%		
RESTRICTED TENDER	15.60%	23.81%		
SINGLE SOURCE	65.79%	46.58%		
NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	15.75%	21.85%		
PRICE QUOTATION	2.70%	6.79%		
LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	0.02%	0.03%		

D. CONCLUSION AND LESSONS LEARNT

As in all previous assessment exercises, the Public Procurement Model of Excellence (PPME) tool was used to analyse the data collected in 2022 from 787 Entities. These Entities covered the low to high spend spectrum throughout the country. This gave the data a national characteristic, making the results reflect the national levels of compliance with the requirements of the Public Procurement Act, 2003 (Act 663) as amended.

All the factors used in the Assessment Exercise showed that nationally, in 2022 there was an overall improvement in the conduct of public procurement relative to 2021.

E. RECOMMENDATIONS

Though there was an improvement in the conduct of the procurement activities, there is room for exceeding this performance. The following recommendations are, therefore, made with the aim of enabling the PPA to assist the Entities to further improve on the conduct of their procurement activities.

- PPA should instruct Entities to post notices of contracts awarded on the PPA website and inform unsuccessful tenderers of the outcome of the tender processes. This will ensure that Entities become more transparent with the award of contracts.
- 2. PPA should ensure that Entities use the Ghana Electronic Procurement Systems (GHANEPS) in conducting their procurement activities to ensure transparency and efficiency in the procurement processes.
- 3. Entities should post their procurement plans on PPA website.
- 4. The training of the procurement staff and internal auditors should be expanded to include training on Contract Management and Sustainable Public Procurement.
- 5. Entities, on the back of such training, should take their contract management seriously and assign officers to play the role of contract administrators to effectively supervise and keep proper inventory control of the contracts awarded.
- 6. PPA should organize training for consultants, contractors and suppliers to acquire the necessary skills to enable them to respond properly to the needs of the entities,
- 7. Entities should have Complaints, Appeals and Dispute mechanisms in place to resolve issues when they come up.

MAIN REPORT

2022 NATIONAL PROCUREMENT ASSESSMENT REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

As part of its functions, the Public Procurement Authority (PPA) is mandated to periodically assess the conduct of public procurement in Ghana to ensure that it is in accordance with the provisions of the Public Procurement Act, 2003 (ACT 663) as amended. The relevant sections of ACT 663 as amended which support this function are quoted here for emphasis:

- Section 3 (d) monitor and supervise public procurement and ensure compliance with statutory requirements; and
- Section 3 (h) assess the operations of the public procurement processes and submit proposals to the Board for improvement of the processes.

In fulfilment of these requirements, the Public Procurement Authority carried out an assessment of the procurement activities of selected Procurement Entities in 2022, which is the subject matter of this report.

The Assessment Exercises are conducted one year in arears. Therefore, even though the data was collected in 2024, it covered the procurement activities of the Entities for 2022. The ideal time for the collection of data is at the end of the first quarter of the subsequent year. This is to allow the Entities to use the first quarter of the following year to put all their records on procurement together to ensure a successful exercise. However, due to the timing of the release of funds, this assessment exercise was undertaken in the third quarter of 2024.

2. SELECTION OF ENTITIES

The Entities for the 2022 Assessment Exercise were selected from six broad groupings which characterize the composition of the public Procurement Entities in Ghana. Seven hundred and eighty-seven (787) Entities were assessed in 2022 and the number from each category is as follows:

Central Management Agencies/Ministries/Subvented Agencies	-	139
Regional Coordinating Councils	-	16
Metropolitan/Municipal/District Assemblies	-	261
State Owned Enterprises	-	38
Tertiary Institutions (including the Colleges of Education)	-	167
Hospitals and Health Institutions	-	161
Financial Institutions	_	5

3. METHOD OF ASSESSMENT

The assessment of the procurement performance of the Entities was done using the Public Procurement Model of Excellence (PPME) tool.

3.1.0 THE PPME TOOL

The PPME Tool is a web- and data-based software package which is used to analyse the data collected from the assessed Entities. It generates two main reports, namely:

- 1. Performance Assessment System (PAS) Report; and
- 2. Performance Measurement Indicators (PMI) Report.

3.2.0 DATA COLLECTION

The PPME is an evidence-based tool and uses documentary evidence in the form of data collected from the Entities as the basis for generating its outputs. It has two main formats for the collection of data, which are:

- Evaluation Grid: and
- Contract Data Sheets.

3.2.1 Evaluation Grid

The Evaluation Grid is a matrix of rows and columns which sets out the key performance criteria which are to be used for the assessment of the Procurement Entities. This Grid was used to collect data on the conduct of procurement activities from all the Entities. Deploying this same Grid for all the Entities puts them on the same platform for the purposes of comparison. The qualitative data collected is used to generate the Performance Assessment System (PAS) Report.

The Evaluation Grid is made up of nine (9) columns. The information contained in each of these columns is as described in Table 1.

TABLE 1: COMPONENTS OF THE EVALUATION GRID

COLUMN	1	MI ONENTS OF THE EVALUATION GRID
NUMBER 1	COLUMN NAME	COLUMN DESCRIPTION
1	Key Performance Criteria (KPC)	These are qualitative conditions that show how an Entity is operating in terms of carrying out its procurement activities. They are developed from international best procurement and performance management standards which have been adapted to suit the public procurement environment in Ghana. Currently, there are 59 Key Performance Criteria.
2	National Legal Framework	This provides the list of the Documents to which the particular KPC relates. These include: 1. The Public Procurement Act 2003 (Act 663) as amended. 2. The Internal Audit Agency Act 2003 (Act 658); 3. The Public Financial Management Act 2016 (Act 921); 4. The Public Financial Management Regulations 2019, LI 2378;
3	Key Objective	Describes the main aim or intention for each of the Key Performance Criteria
4	Evidence	This column gives suggested pieces of documentary evidence that indicate the compliance with the KPC by the Entities.
5	Proof of Evidence	While Column 4 lists pieces of evidence the Assessors are to look out for, Column 5 further guides the Assessor on the items that the Entity has to show as proof of having complied with the criterion under review. Each proof is assigned a maximum rating that the Assessor may award to show the level of compliance.
6	Total Rating	A Rating system is used to show the Entity's level of achievement with regard to compliance with the Key Performance Criteria. The scores are assigned based on evidence provided by the Entity. The total rating for each criterion is 9.
7	Area/ Purpose of Improvement	This column is for the Assessors to flag those Key Performance Criteria the Entity needs to work on in order to improve the conduct of its procurement activities. Any rating from 0 - 7 must necessarily have an "area of improvement."
8	Level of Priority	This column is linked to the areas of improvement listed in Column 6 by assigning priority levels to the suggested areas of improvement. There are three priority levels viz. HIGH, MEDIUM and LOW.
9	Deadlines	The Deadlines are associated to the Levels of Priority and assign the period of time within which the Entity has to put in measures to address the identified areas of improvement. The deadlines are: "High" which means that the improvement measure must be dealt with within 3 months from the date of the report. "Medium" which requires improvement in 6 months. "Low" which requires the Entity to correct its shortcomings within 12 months.

A sample of the Evaluation Grid is attached to this report as Appendix 1.

3.2.2 The Contracts Data Sheet

The Contracts Data Sheet was used to capture quantitative data on actual procurement transactions by Entities in 2022, the period under review. Assessors enter the necessary contract details in the fields provided on the Sheet. The PPME tool generates Performance Measurement Indicators (PMIs) out of the data collected. A sample of the Contracts Data Sheet is attached to this report as Appendix 2.

3.3.0 DATA COLLECTION APPROACH

Data collection was carried out by selected Staff of PPA who had been trained on the use of the Evaluation Grid and the Contracts Data Sheet.

3.3.1 Field Data Collection

Data collection was done through actual visits to each of the Procurement Entities by the Assessors. The Entities had been informed in advance of the visits of the Assessors through advertiser's announcements in the Daily Graphic and Ghanaian Times newspapers (copies attached as Appendix 4) and formal letters from the PPA. The letters explained the essence of the Exercise and what was expected from the Entities in terms of the information to be provided by them. The Entities were also to make available for inspection, all documentation covering their procurement activities in 2022 to achieve the aim of basing the assessment on DOCUMENTARY evidence. Using the Evaluation Grids, Assessors were tasked to rate the performance of the Entities, on the strength of evidence they had seen, verified and collected. Assessors used the Contracts Data Sheet to collect quantitative data on procurement transactions.

3.4.0 DATA ENTRY AND ANALYSIS

This section of the report describes the entry of the data collected by the Assessors and how the analysis was done.

3.4.1 Data Entry

Data entry was also seen as an important step in the quality assurance cycle. Therefore, the Data Entry Clerks were not only equipped with the skills of inputting the information from the Assessors but also exposed to the rationale behind the Evaluation Grid and Contracts Data Sheet. This was to enable them to identify Evaluation Grids that had not been properly completed. Such grids were verified by

the Data Entry Supervisors before being returned to the Assessors concerned for correction and resubmission. The same was done for the Contracts Data Sheets. All these checks were aimed at safeguarding the quality of the data on which the analysis by the PPME Tool was based.

3.4.2 Data Analysis

The PPME Tool was used for the analysis of all the data collected during the field assessments. As stated earlier in the report, the PPME tool generates two main reports.

These are:

- 1. the Qualitative Report, and
- 2. the Quantitative Report.

The **PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM** (PAS) is the qualitative report while the **PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS** (PMI) report is quantitative. The national figures achieved for the Performance Assessment System and Performance Measurement Indicators for 2022 are presented in this report and compared with the 2021 levels to show whether or not progress has been made in the areas assessed. Figures for the individual Entities will be given in the respective Entity reports, which are issued to the assessed Entities to show what must be done to improve the conduct of their procurement activities.

3.4.2.1 Performance Assessment System (PAS) Report

The Performance Assessment System looks at the importance Entities attach to their procurement activities through the expected deployment of qualified personnel to man their procurement units as well as putting out their procurement related information in such a form as to ensure good response from well-informed providers. It also checks if the contracts resulting from the procurement processes are properly managed. The PAS report presents the national average scores of the procurement performance of all the Entities assessed. It brings out the strong points as well as the areas that need to be improved to ensure that public procurement is carried out properly in Ghana.

There are Four (4) main areas under the Performance Assessment System. These are:

- 1. Management Systems;
- 2. Information and Communication.
- 3. Procurement Process; and
- 4. Contract Management.

Each of these also has sub-categories which contribute to the results achieved. The sub-categories are:

1. Management Systems

- Leadership
- Human Resources
- Monitoring and Control System
- Ethics and Compliance with Regulatory Framework
- Complaints, Appeals and Dispute Mechanism

2. Information and Communication

- Information
- Market Place
- Data Analysis

3. Procurement Process

- Procurement Planning
- Notice
- Preparation of Tender Documents
- Invitation to Tender
- Submission of Tender
- Tender Opening
- Tender Evaluation
- Contract Award

4. Contract Management

- Planning and Mobilization
- Implementation
- Supervision
- Inspection
- Inventory Control and Disposal
- Reporting

3.4.2.2 Performance Measurement Indicators (PMI) Report

The quantitative report generated from the information collected using the Contracts Data Sheet by the PPME tool is the Performance Measurement Indicators (PMI) report. PMIs are quantifiable indicators that show how well the Entities are performing in relation to eleven (11) critical factors that cover their procurement processes and contract management practices. Based on the levels of achievement, the Entities are able to gauge whether or not they are meeting the set targets or have to put in the necessary corrective measures to address shortcomings identified in the previous assessment exercises.

This report presents the national average scores for each of the procurement compliance/performance indicators. As in the case of the Performance Assessment System, the PPME tool generates a PMI report for each of the assessed Entities.

The eleven (11) Indicators for which results are generated by the PPME tool are:

- Advertisement of Tender Opportunities
- Publication of Awards
- Time for Tender Invitation and Opening
- Tenderer Participation
- Responsive Tenders
- Method of Procurement
- Tender Processing Lead-time
- Cancelled Tendering procedures
- Protests
- Resolution of Contract Disputes
- Contract Completion

4. FINDINGS AND DISCUSSIONS

The findings of the 2022 Assessment Exercise are presented in this section under the headings of:

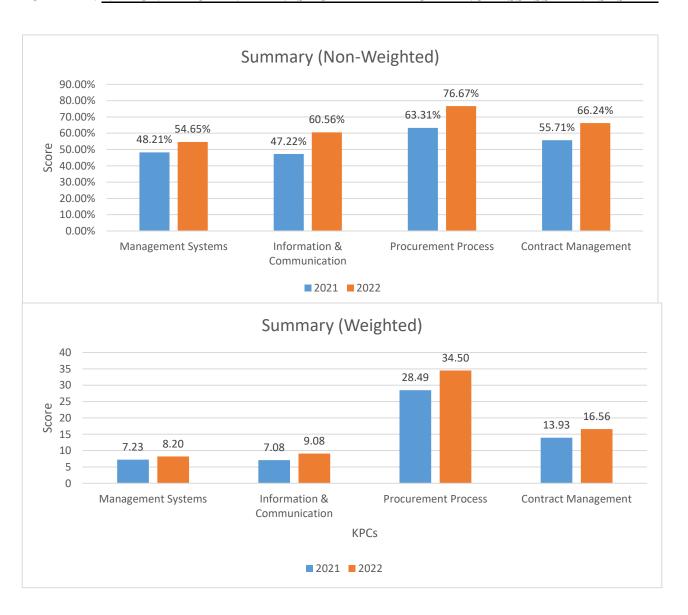
 Performance Assessment System, and Performance Measurement Indicators.

The performance levels achieved in the 2022 Assessment Exercise are compared to those of 2021. The necessary commentary will be made to contextualize the progress or otherwise made in each category.

4.1 PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM REPORT

The Performance Assessment System Report aggregates the scores of all the assessed Entities to give the overall national performance level. As explained in Section 3.4.2.1, the Performance Assessment System has four (4) categories, and the findings are presented under those headings. **Chart 1** is a graphical presentation of the national scores for 2022 for each of the four categories under the Performance Assessment System set against those for 2021. The Chart shows that in 2022, there was an improvement in all the four categories compared to 2021. The scores for each of the categories are discussed under the respective headings in the ensuing sections alongside the scores of their respective sub-categories as the report looks at the national performance in greater detail.

CHART 1: NATIONAL ACHIEVEMENTS FOR THE PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM



4.1.1 Management Systems

The Management Systems category looked at the extent of support provided by the management of Entities in the establishment of the necessary structures to ensure the proper handling of their procurement activities. Additionally, this category looked at the deployment of properly qualified procurement officers with enough supporting personnel as well as adequate resources to undertake the procurement activities. The existence of a framework for the handling of procurement related disputes and complaints was also examined.

The overall score in 2022 for this category was 54.65% compared to 48.21% for 2021. Chart 2 shows the levels of achievement for each of the sub-categories under Management Systems.

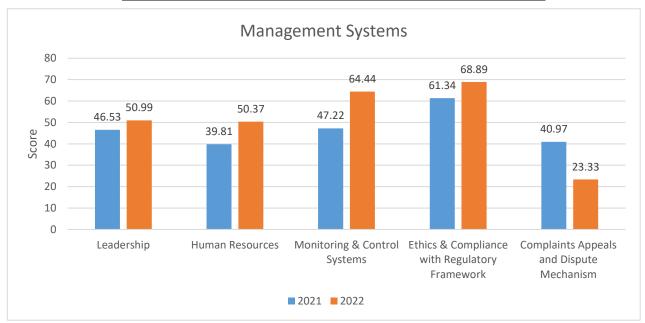


CHART 2: COMPONENTS OF THE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Though most of the Entities had procurement units which were generally functional, the procurement officers mostly had academic qualifications in Procurement and Supply Chain but lacked the appropriate professional qualifications. There was evidence that some Entities had capacity development programmes for the procurement staff and training programmes for internal auditors to improve their knowledge base in procurement. These programmes included the training workshops organised by the PPA.

Handling of complaints and appeals remains a problem as evidenced by the score of 23.33% in 2022 compared to the 2021 score of 40.97%, which shows a drastic decline in performance. Most of the Entities ascribed their performance to the fact that there were few complaints received. However, they could not provide evidence of having structures in place to handle complaints.

4.1.2 Information and Communication

The capacity of Entities to give out and receive information in the right format is the main focus of the Information and Communication category. The category also reviewed their ability to make use of the information they received, especially those relating to the structure and quality of the supply market and how they used such information to improve the ability of providers to meet their procurement needs. The Entities were to show evidence of undertaking capacity development initiatives such as knowing their providers, exposing them to their specific needs and helping them to properly put their responses or tenders together. All these were aimed at assessing the initiatives put in place to make the providers more responsive to the needs of the Entities and ultimately improve the overall conduct of public procurement in Ghana. The overall score for 2022 was 54.65% compared to 48.21% achieved in 2021.

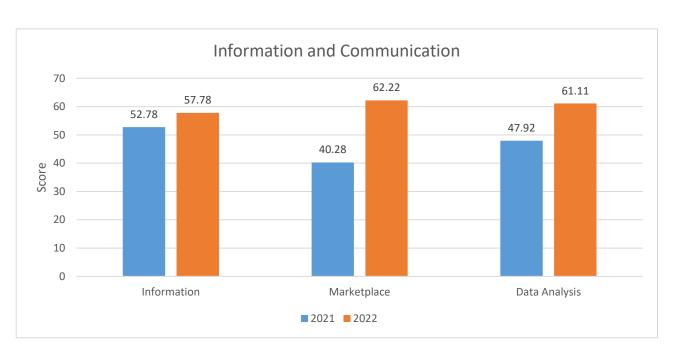


CHART 3: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION

There was an improvement in the performance levels for the three sub-categories. The Entities had the capacity and encouraged the providers to participate in the specialized training workshops organized by the PPA for consultants, contractors and suppliers to acquire the necessary skill to enable them to respond properly to the needs of the Entities.

The Entities put out the information in the right format as there was an increased use of the Standard Tender Documents provided by the PPA. In addition to using the PPA Supplier database, some had their own databases which they relied on for the selection of providers. The score of 61.11% for the Data Analysis sub-category in 2022 indicates that there is the need for further improvement in the analysis of the performance of the providers as a means of making them more responsive to the requirements of the Entities. Most of the Entities did not use GHANEPS or their internal notice boards for their procurement activities.

4.1.3 Procurement Process

The Procurement Process category sought information on the Entities' knowledge of the procurement cycle and how they were conducting their activities at each stage. The handling of each stage of the procurement cycle is of utmost importance to the success or otherwise of any procurement transaction. Entities were to show that they had planned their procurement activities and that whatever they had procured was from their procurement plans for 2022. Tender notices were expected to be issued in accordance with the requirements associated with the procurement methods in their procurement plans, which should have been posted on the PPA website. In addition, evidence on the fair and transparent conduct of the procurement activities was sought. It is important that not only the winners of tenders are notified of contract awards, but also the losers be informed of the outcome of the tendering processes.

The overall score for the Procurement Process in 2022 was 76.67% compared to 63.31% in 2021. Chart 4 shows that there was an overall improvement for all the components under this category relative to the 2021 scores.

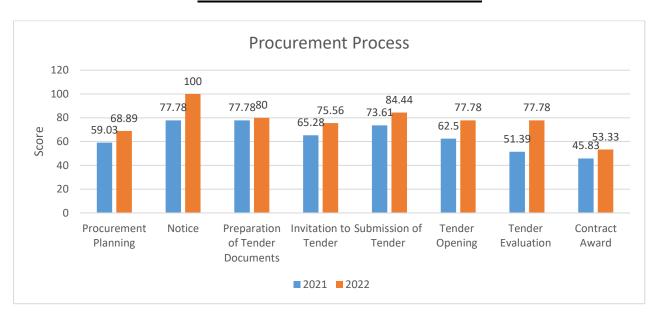


CHART 4: PROCUREMENT PROCESS

The score of 53.33% for the Contract Award sub-category, even though higher than the 2021 score of 45.83%, shows that it still needs to be worked on as Entities were failing to inform the unsuccessful tenderers of the outcomes of the tender processes and also post notices of contracts awarded on the PPA website. There was also a decline on the Procurement Planning sub-category because some Entities did not post their procurement plans on the PPA website.

4.1.4 Contract Management

This very critical category was often ignored as the procurement process was erroneously perceived to have ended once the contract was signed and so Entities were paying very little attention to contract management. The Entities were to demonstrate their appreciation of contract execution from the planning and mobilisation stage through implementation and supervision to contract closure or disposal stages. The Entities were to show evidence of all the reports that were required to be issued at each of these stages.

In 2022, the overall score was 66.24% for this category compared with 55.71% in 2021.

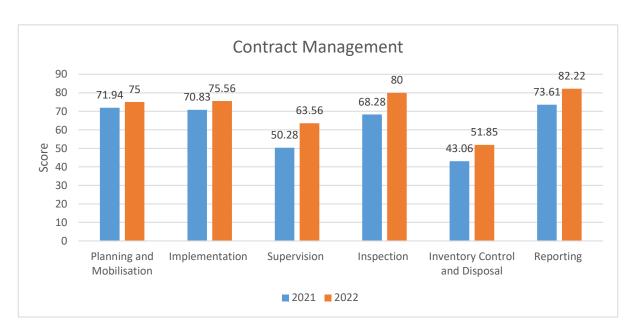


CHART 5: CONTRACT MANAGEMENT

From Chart 5, though there was an improvement in the performance levels for all the subcategories, the sub-categories for Supervision and Inventory Control and Disposal were considerably low and not at par with the others. Entities still had issues with their commitment to ensuring that the Providers completed their contracts on time. Stores management was an issue with the Entities as records were not properly kept on the movement of items from the stores.

4.3.0 PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS (PMI)

There are 11 Performance Measurement Indicators (PMIs). These indicators provide the means of measuring the performance of the activities they cover. Findings and Discussions will be done under the headings or names of the various indicators. The scores for 2022 are shown in Table 2 and compared with those for 2021.

TABLE 2: PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT INDICATORS FOR 2022 COMPARED TO 2021

	INDICATOR	METRICS	CRITERIA		ULTS
	INDICATOR		CKITEKIA	2022	2021
1.	Advertisement of tender	c) % of open tendering procedures publicly advertised	Percentage	96.14%	97.96%
	opportunities	d) % of open tendering procedures opened publicly and recorded	Percentage	91.01%	94.62%
2.	Publication of awards	% of contracts awards published	Percentage	11.92%	13.04%
3.	Time for tender invitation and opening	Average number of days between invitation to tender and tender opening	Number	16 DAYS	16 DAYS
4.	Tenderer participation	Average number of Tenderers per notice	Number	6	7
5.	Responsive tenders	% of responsive tenders per notice	percentage	88.14%	94.78%
			INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDERING	0.13%	0.10%
	Method of procurement		RESTRICTED TENDERING	2.29%	2.19%
			SINGLE SOURCE	3.78%	3.90%
6.		% of tenders using each of the procurement methods	NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDERING	20.19%	17.74%
			PRICE QUOTATION	71.04%	74.31%
			LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	2.56%	1.75%
7.	Tender processing lead-time	Average number of days between tender opening and contract award	number	24 DAYS	33 DAYS
8.	Cancelled tendering procedures	% of tendering procedures cancelled per the provisions of ACT 663 as amended.	percentage	-	-
9.	Protests	c) Tendering procedures with protests	number	47	305
		d) % Protests resolved	percentage	14.89%	20%
10	Resolution of	c) Contracts with disputes	number	67	75
10.	contract disputes	d) % of contracts with resolved disputes	percentage	-	
11.	Contract	c) % of contracts completed fully with acceptable performance	percentage	94.91%	95.81%
	completion	d) % of contracts with completion reports	percentage	85.58%	82.98%

KEY: I. C. T. - INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER

N. C. T. - NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDERL/MVP - LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT

PMI 1: Advertisement of Tender Opportunities

Section 47 of the Public Procurement Act 2003 (Act 663) as amended enjoins public procurement entities to publish the notices for National Competitive Tenders (NCT) and International Competitive Tenders (ICT), which are open competitive methods.. The notices shall be published in at least ONE (1) daily newspaper of wide national circulation and the PPA website. The invitation may also be published in a newspaper, relevant trade publication, technical or professional journal of wide international circulation. Furthermore, the tenders were required to be opened publicly with signed records of all the read-out information.

96.14% of all tenders for NCT and ICT were advertised in 2022 as required compared to 97.96% in 2021. Additionally, 91.01% were opened publicly in 2022 compared with 94.62% in 2021. This is the result of the Entities failing to fully comply with the requirement of

PMI 2: Publication of Awards

Section 31 (1) of Act 663 as amended requires Entities to publish notices of procurement contract awards on the PPA website.

advertising tenders on BOTH the PPA website and in a newspaper of wide national circulation.

In 2022, 11.92% of the tenders posted on the PPA website had notices for contracts awarded as compared to 13.04% in 2021. Entities are not complying with this requirement of Act 663 as amended.

PMI 3: Time for Tender Invitation and Opening

This is the time the tenderers are allowed to put together their tenders. It is measured as the difference between the date the tender notice first appeared in the newspaper and the date of the tender opening.

The average time given to tenderers, irrespective of the procurement method used, in was 16 days in both 2022 and 2021. This is more than the minimum period of 14 days required for National Competitive Tendering. PMI 6 shows that Price Quotation, which requires a minimum of 7 days, was the predominant method of procurement for both years. Thus, the Entities, on the average, gave the tenderers enough time to submit their tenders.

PMI 4: Tenderer Participation

This indicator records the level of responses Entities receive to their tender notices. This is a measure of the responsiveness of the marketplace to meet the needs of the Entities.

An average of six (6) tenderers responded to each tender notice in 2022 and 7 tenders in 2021. This is more than the minimum of three (3) tenders needed to guarantee effective competitive tendering based on the predominant procurement method in 2022 and 2021.

PMI 5: Responsive Tenders

This indicator gives a measure of the ratio of responsive tenders that are received for each notice put out by the Entities.

In 2021, an average of 94.78% of tenders received were responsive to the requirements of the Entities. This decreased to 88.14% in 2022. Applying this ratio to the average number of tenders received shows that for each tender notice, approximately all six (6) tenderers recorded in 2022 as shown in PMI 4 were responsive, thus making the overall tendering process in 2022 competitively conducted.

PMI 6: Method of Procurement

This indicator showed the ratio of each of the recognised procurement methods to the number of tenders captured in the 2022 Assessment Exercise. The breakdown, shown in Table 3, gives the ratios based on the total number of tenders put out in 2022 and indicates that Price Quotation was the predominant procurement method as it was in 2021.

TABLE 3: PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TENDERS

PROCUREMENT METHOD	PERCENTAGE			
FROCUREMENT METHOD	2022	2021		
INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.13%	0.10%		
RESTRICTED TENDER	2.29%	2.19%		
SINGLE SOURCE	3.78%	3.90%		
NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	20.19%	17.74%		
PRICE QUOTATION	71.04%	74.31%		
LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	2.56%	1.75%		

In terms of the values of the transactions captured, Table 4 gives the distribution per procurement method.

TABLE 4: DISTRIBUTION OF PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON TENDER VALUES

DDOCUDEMENT METHOD	PERCENTAGE			
PROCUREMENT METHOD	2022 0.14% 15.60% 65.79% 15.75% 2.70%	2021		
INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.14%	0.93%		
RESTRICTED TENDER	15.60%	23.81%		
SINGLE SOURCE	65.79%	46.58%		
NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	15.75%	21.85%		
PRICE QUOTATION	2.70%	6.79%		
LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	0.02%	0.03%		

PMI 7: Tender Processing Lead-Time

This is the time period between the date of tender opening and the date of contract award. This period covers the activities of evaluation, seeking approvals and the signing of the contract.

The turnaround time decreased from the 2021 figure of thirty-three (33) days to twenty-four (24) days in 2022. This is an indication of an improvement in the delivery of the processes leading to the award of contracts from the invitation of tenders.

PMI 8: Cancelled Tendering Procedure

This indicator looks at the number of tendering procedures that were cancelled by the Entities.

There was no record of cancelled tenders in 2022 and 2021.

PMI 9: Protests

This indicator captures the number of protests received and the ratio resolved.

Forty-seven (47) tendering procedures had protest recorded compared to the 2021 score of three hundred and five (305) tenders. The ratio of cases resolved satisfactorily also declined from 20% in 2021 to 14.89% in 2022.

PMI 10: Contract Dispute Resolution

This indicator shows the number of contracts with disputes and how many of them were resolved using the provisions of the conditions of contract.

Sixty-seven (67) contracts had disputes in 2022 compared to Seventy-five (75) contracts in 2021. However, there was no evidence recorded of any of them being resolved in the year under review.

PMI 11: Completion Rate

The timely and acceptable completion of projects is measured by this indicator.

95.81% of contracts were completed with acceptable performance in 2021 compared with 94.91% in 2022 and 85.58% had completion reports indicating an improvement over the 2021 score of 82.98%

5. LESSONS LEARNT

The ideal setting for the data collection exercise is the Assessor meeting all the representatives of the Entity in a "conference" or group setting and this was achieved. The Assessors met mostly the procurement officers with a few management staff present. The only exception to this was with the Metropolitan/Municipal/District Assemblies, where either the Chief Executive or the Coordinating Directors were always present.

The ease with which information was retrieved was a major concern as the Entities had not significantly improved on their record-keeping regimes. This made the period for data collection longer than planned.

6. CONCLUSION

As in all previous assessment exercises, the Public Procurement Model of Excellence (PPME) tool was used to analyse the data collected in 2022 from 787 Entities. These Entities covered the low to high spend spectrum throughout the country. This gave the data the national characteristic, making the results reflect the national levels of compliance with the requirements of the Public Procurement Act, 2003 (Act 663) as amended.

All the factors used in the Assessment Exercise showed that nationally, in 2022 there had been an overall improvement in the conduct of public procurement relative to 2021.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

With the improvement in the conduct of the procurement activities in 2022, there was the need to put measures in place to enhance procurement activities on a sustainable basis.

These recommendations are made with the aim of improving the procurement activities by enabling the PPA to assist the Entities to further improve on the conduct of their procurement activities:

- PPA should instruct Entities to post notices of contracts awarded on the PPA website and inform unsuccessful tenderers of the outcome of the tender processes. This will ensure that Entities become more transparent with the award of contracts.
- 2. PPA should ensure that Entities use the Ghana Electronic Procurement Systems (GHANEPS) in conducting their procurement activities to ensure transparency and efficiency in the procurement processes.
- 3. Entities should post their procurement Plans on PPA website.
- 4. The training of the Procurement staff and Internal Auditors should be expanded to include training on Contract Management and Sustainable Public Procurement.
- 5. Entities, on the back of such training, should take their Contract Management seriously and assign officers to play the role of contract administrators to effectively supervise and keep proper inventory control of the contracts awarded.
- 6. PPA should organize training for consultants, contractors and suppliers to acquire the necessary skills to enable them to respond properly to the needs of the entities.
- 7. Entities should have Complaints, Appeals and Dispute mechanisms in place to resolve issues when they come up.

APPENDIX	K 1 – METH	ODS OF I	PROCURE	MENT 2013	- 2022

DISTRIBUTION OF PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON TENDER VALUES											
				% OF TENDE	RS USING E	ACH OF THE	PROCURE	MENT MET	THODS		
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.27%	0.89%	0.1%	0.98%	0.53%	0.03%	0.02%	0.01%	0.93%	0.14%
	RESTRICTED TENDERING	19.65%	31.07%	9.19%	51.62%	30.26%	27.45%	46.1%	9.51%	23.81%	15.6%
METHOD OF PROCUREMENT	SINGLE SOURCE	39.90%	19.93%	10.37%	8.13%	19.6%	3.79%	6.51%	32.58%	46.58%	65.79%
	NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	34.44%	45.48%	67.16%	31.52%	34.09%	61.64%	38.95%	45.7%	21.85%	15.75%
	PRICE QUOTATION	5.64%	2.29%	11.77%	3.28%	15.16%	6.44%	8.05%	11.03%	6.79%	2.7%
	LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	0.10%	0.34%	0.13%	4.47%	0.36%	0.65%	0.37%	1.18%	0.03%	0.02%

DISTRIBUTION OF PROCUREMENT METHODS BASED ON THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TENDERS											
		% OF TENDERS USING EACH OF THE PROCUREMENT METHODS									
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	0.07%	0.09%	1.22%	0.17%	0.12%	0.21%	0.29%	0.05%	0.1%	0.13%
	RESTRICTED TENDERING	2.85%	4.32%	3.46%	4.81%	3.72%	4.92%	4.13%	2.87%	2.19%	2.29%
METHOD OF PROCUREMENT	SINGLE SOURCE	1.71%	2.23%	2.72%	3.42%	1.53%	1.78%	2.74%	0.05% 2.87% 4.89%	3.9%	3.78%
	NATIONAL COMPETITIVE TENDER	24.13%	35.02%	39.45%	39.37%	23.17%	30.95%	32.01%	27.62%	17.74%	20.19%
	PRICE QUOTATION	66.45%	55.66%	52.76%	49.79%	69.52%	60.46%	58.79%	62.69%	74.31%	71.04%
	LOW/MINOR VALUE PROCUREMENT	4.90%	2.68%	1.5%	2.43%	1.94%	1.68%	2.04%	1.65%	1.75%	2.56%

APPENDIX 2 – EVALUATION GRID

KEY PERFORMANCE CRITERIA (KPC)	Key Objective	Evidence	Proof of Evidence	Sub- ratings	Total Rating	Area of Improvement	Level of Priority
MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS							
1A - Leadership 1A1 - Procurement Entity responds to the required training advice to develop sustainable training strategy and capacity to manage their procurement operations	Capacity Development Strategy	- Staff Training Programme - Training Unit/Providers Evaluation Report	Entity has a training programme (3) Entity Implements training programme (4) Entity Evaluates training programme (2)				
1A2 Procurement Entity appreciates the Sustainable Public Procurement (SPP) policy and management is committed to it.	Increased awareness of SPP policy	SPP Policy Availability	Entity has priority statements on SPP policy (2) Entity has clear SPP policy initiatives (4) -Entity sets SPP policy initiatives targets (3)				
1A3 • Procurement Entity develops sustainability strategy in line with sector priorities with resources allocated to them.	Management infusion of sustainability principles in sector priorities or goals	Availability of Sustainability Strategy	- Copies of sustainability strategy (4) - Entity has dedicated sustainability function and resources (5)				

1A4 - Management implementation of procurement reforms based on Internal Audit reports suggesting improvement	Management Compliance & Performance Improvement	- Internal Audit Report - Institutional organogram - Internal Audit procedures	• Copies of Internal Auditor's report(s) (4) • Audit Committee Report (5)		
1A5 Management complies with procurement audit reports and suggested improvement	Management initiation of procurement reforms based on procurement audit reports	Procurement Audit Report	Has a Procurement Audit been Conducted at the Entity?(YES/NO) Copy of the Procurement Audit Report (3) Management Response to Procurement Audit Report (2) Copy of Implementation plan of Recommendations of Procurement Audit Report (4)		
1A6 - Procurement Entity keeps records for all phases of procurement activities	Good record keeping	Project Files (current/archived)	1. Entity has separate files for every transaction (3) 2. Entity keeps records in accordance with Section 28 of the Public Procurement Act 2003 (Act 663) as amended (2) 3. Ease of retrieving information from files (4)		
1B - Human Resources					

1B1 - Procurement Entity ensures that Procurement staff have the required professional procurement qualification and/or competence for the intended role 1B2 - Procurement Entity ensures a clear career progression for Procurement staff	Professional Procurement Qualification / Competence Motivation and systematic career progression of procurement staff	- Skills and Competence in Procurement - Professional Procurement Qualification or equivalent Institutional Organogram Procurement Unit Organogram	1. Entity has a functional Procurement Unit (6) 2. Entity has a minimum of one qualified Procurement Professional (1) 3. CIPS qualification/ Allied Professional (2) Copies of Institutional Organogram (2) Copies of Procurement Unit Organogram (5) Copies of promotional letters (2)		
1B3 - Procurement Entity implements programmes to enhance and inform private sector participation in public procurement.	Continuous improvement in procurement capacity of private sector	Frequency of Programme & Programme Documents Reports on training programmes	IS PROGRAMME FOR PRIVATE SECTOR ENHANCEMENT IN PLACE (YES / NO) Copies of attendance sheet or records of private sector training programme (4) Copies of training modules or materials for private sector training programme (2) Entity undertakes such activities frequently (3)		

1B4.Entity builds capacity of staff in Sustainability or Sustainable Public Procurement (SPP) issues.	Development of capacity in Sustainability concepts to support the SPP drive	Staff sponsorship policy on certified SPP training	 Certificate of Trained personnel (3) Details of Institution (2) Duration of Training (4) 		
1B5 - Procurement Entity has Internal Auditors trained in procurement processes to assist in monitoring compliance	Internal Auditors Trained in Procurement processes	Regular Procurement Training Programmes for Internal Audit Staff	Internal Auditors unit in Place (2)Copies of Training modules for Internal Auditors (3)Copies of attendance sheets or records of training for Internal Auditors in new procurement dimensions (4)		
1B6 - Procurement Entity has a standard procedure to evaluate performance of procurement staff and address capacity development issues	Staff Performance Evaluation	Existence of Standard Job Evaluation Procedures and Staff Appraisal Reports Staff job descriptions	Entity has general standard staff appraisal system (3) Entity has specific appraisal system for procurement staff (2) Copies of procurement staff annual work plan (2) Copies of appraisal reports available (2)		

Monitoring & Control Systems					
1C1 - Procurement Entity sets payment periods taking cognizance of the payment procedures of the Ministry of Finance	Effective Payment Systems	Review invoices in line with contract payment terms Interest paid on delayed payments Quarterly Cash Plans related to Contract	1 Commencement certificate/warrant from Ministry of Finance (3) 2. Review of invoices in line with contract payment terms (2) 3. Records of Interest paid on delayed payments (2) 4. Copies of Quarterly Cashflow plans related to contracts (2)		
1C2 - Procurement Entity ensures that all contracts are captured in the approved budget and compared with actual contract sum	Effective Contract Cashflow Management Systems	Commencement Certificate Cash Plan and Cash Ceiling Commitment Control Register	All procurement transactions captured from approved budget (3) • Actuals Captured on Procurement Plan (3) Copies of variance analysis done to compare actuals with budgeted cost (3)		

1C3 Procurement Entity monitors the effective application of SPP in tender procedures and contract administration	Procurement Entity monitors the effective application of SPP in tender procedures and contract administration	Tender and Contract documents	 Product Specifications address sustainability criteria (3) Sustainability criteria used in the selection and evaluation process (3) Performance clauses on sustainability in contract (3) 		
1C4 - Procurement Entity has defined methods of contract administration responsibilities which include inspection and acceptance procedures and methods to review and issue contract amendments in a timely manner	Contract Administration & Quality Control Mechanism	Check approval of Relevant approving Authorities, Contract Management Proceedings as outlined in conditions of contract - Review and amendments	Contract document clearly indicates contract management procedures with clear cut responsibilities for review & amendments (6) Approvals by relevant approving Authorities (3)		

Ethics and Compliance with Regulatory Framework					
1D 1D1 - Procurement Entity complies with the applicable regulations of the Public Procurement Act	Application of regulations	Formats and other relevant regulatory documentation on public procurement; Regulatory compliance review report(s)	Appropriate methods used for appropriate thresholds in Procurement Plan (3) Evidence of using methods as stated in Plan (2) Evidence of non-responsive tenderers based on regulatory requirements (2) Evidence of regulatory compliance review conducted (2)		
1D2 Procurement entity uses the Standard Tender Documents and includes SPP criteria in tender documents.	Procurement Entity uses the Standard Tender Documents and applies SPP criteria as appropriate	Tender Documents with adopted SPP criteria	Use of Standard Tender Documents (2) Evidence of use of SPP Criteria in tender documents (3) Evidence of tender evaluation using SPP criteria (4)		

1D3 - Procurement Entity applies appropriate procurement methods	Knowledge of Procurement Methods	Procurement Plans, Copies of advertisements for tenders, copies of Letters of Invitation	Evidence of right methods used in procurement plan (4)Copies of advertisements/ Letters of invitation corresponds with methods (5)		
1D4 - Procurement Entity seeks approval from the Public Procurement Authority for the use of Restricted Tendering and Single Source procurement methods	Appropriate use of Restricted Tendering and Single Source procurement methods	Evidence of approval from the Public Procurement Authority	Has Entity Undertaken Single Source or Restricted Tendering? (Yes/No) Evidence of Restricted Tendering and Single Source Method captured in the plan (4) Evidence of approval letters of Single Source and Restricted Tendering from PPA (5)		
1D5 - Procurement Entity ensures that Entity Tender Committees performs their functions as set out in Act 663 as amended.	Effectiveness of the role or function required to be performed by Entity Tender Committees (ETC) as set out in Act 663 as amended	Minutes of ETC meetings Reports and recommendations of ETC	-Timetable for ETC meetings (1) Evidence of recommendations conforming with the evaluation report (4) Minutes of ETC meetings (3) Evidence of evaluation report duly signed by evaluation panel members (1)		

1D6 - Procurement Entity ensures the inclusion of anticorruption provisions regarding conflict of interest, unethical behaviour, etc. in tender and contract documents	Anticorruption Measures Enforced	Copy of Code of Conduct for the Public Service and other anti- corruption documentation issued for use within the Public Service	Use of Standard Tender Documents issued by PPA (3) Contract Data Sheets with specific anticorruption provisions (3) Tender Data Sheets with specific anti-corruption provisions (3)		
Complaints, Appeals and Dispute Mechanism					
1E					
1E1 - Procurement Entity handles complaints relating to procurements appropriately	Fair and Transparent Complaint and Remedy procedures	- list of complaints received - Complaints and Appeal Procedure - Records of complaints and subsequent resolution sent to all parties, - Minutes of meetings, reports etc.	HAS ANY COMPLAINTS BEEN RECEIVED? (YES/NO) Appeals procedures in place (3) List of complaints received (1) Evidence of records of complaints & subsequent resolutions sent to all parties (3) Minutes/reports of meetings (2)		

1E2 - Procurement Entity has the capacity to handle lodged complaints and enforce decisions in a fair, efficient and transparent manner	Management Capacity to handle complaints	-Complaints lodged and timely treated/resolved - Enforcement mechanism - Decisions Report	Complaints lodged are timely treated/resolved (4) Decisions taken to resolve complaints/appeals are enforced (3) Decisions are communicated to all parties timely (2)		
1E3 - Procurement Entity makes public the decisions on complaints	Scrutiny by general public	Report on Decisions Copies of Publications	Evidence of reporting on decisions especially to concerned parties (5) • Decisions advertised publicly on Entity's Notice Boards, PPA's website etc (4)		
1E4 - Dispute resolution procedures exist and provide for an efficient and fair process to resolve disagreements amicably as well as to enforce the outcomes	Dispute Resolution Mechanism	- Dispute Resolution framework - Clauses in Contract Documents - Dispute resolution file	HAVE THERE BEEN DISPUTES RELATING TO CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION? (YES/NO) Dispute Resolution Framework exist (4) Clauses in contract documents are clear on disputes resolution (3) Disputes resolution file available (2)		
INFORMATION & COMMUNICATION					

Information					
2A					
2A1 - Procurement Entity makes use of available systems for timely dissemination of procurement information	Effectiveness in publication of procurement information	- Publication of advertisements - Tender and Contract award notices - Database of PPA, - Use of PPA's Website, etc	Use of PPA's Procurement Bulletin & Website (3)Use of newspaper advertisements / Letters of Price Quotation (4)Use of Internal Notice Boards (2)		
Marketplace					
2B					

2B1 - Procurement Entity engages in frequent interactions with the Private Sector to improve their competitiveness and responsiveness and to promote sustainable products, works and service.	Knowledge of Marketplace	'- Programmes for interactions - training/workshop s/seminars for private sector - records of interactions - Criteria for sourcing for potential suppliers - Response from potential Tenderers to invitation to tender - Databases of registered consultants, contractors and suppliers on past and current performance	- Copies of attendance sheets or minutes of interactions with stakeholders (2) - Internal Database for: Suppliers/Contractors/Consultants (2) - Use of Supplier Database on PPA website (2) Copies of materials price lists or services cost or historical costs of works (3)		
Data Management					
2C					
2C1 - Procurement Entity has a mechanism to ensure data quality, reliability and validity.	Promotion of data quality	Availability of data quality policy Availability of data quality check procedure	Evidence of random data quality checks (4) Copies of verified and validated data (5)		

2C2 - Procurement Entity has a system to collect data related to performance of Consultants/Contractors/Suppli ers and uses it to improve their performance.	Performance Data Collection System	- Data Recording System - procurement Monitoring Report - Project Files	Evidence of data collection system in place (1) Evidence of using data to do analysis to assess performance (2) Evidence of reporting on performance (3) Evidence of discussions of performance with Consultants/Contractors/Suppliers (3)		
PROCUREMENT PROCESS					
Procurement Planning					
3A					
3A1 - Well defined Procurement Plan linked to the budget formulation process based on multi-year framework	MTEF Link to Procurement Plan	- Budget Document (Medium Term Expenditure Framework MTEF) - Procurement Plan	Copy of Annual Budget (4) - • Procurement Plan posted on PPA's Website (5)		
3A2 - Total value of planned packages against total value of executed packages in the Procurement Plan for the year	To ascertain the degree of adherence to the procurement plan.	Procurement plan Project files and records	Total number of procurement packages in the Procurement Plan for the year (2) Total number of actual packages executed as planned (3) Total value of procurement packages in the Procurement Plan for the year (2) Total value of actual packages executed as planned (2)		

Notice					
3B					
3B1 - Publication of notices are mandatory and publicly advertised in a timely manner according to respective procurement methods and thresholds, where applicable	Mandatory and Timely Publication of Notices	- Publication of Notices in Procurement Bulletin - Advertisements in Newspapers of wide national and or international circulation - Advertisement on PPA's website	HAS ENTITY USED NCT/ICT BEFORE? (YES/NO) Copies of Advertisements (3) Advertisements according to Procurement Plan (3) Advertisements posted on PPA's website (3)		
Preparation of Tender Documents					
3C					
3C1 - Tender documents contain clear scope of work/services, neutral technical specifications and conditions (e.g. eligibility, evaluation criteria, etc.) to enable Tenderers to respond adequately	Clear & Objective Tender Documents	- Tender Documents - Specifications (with no reference to a particular brand name, trademarks, etc.) - Terms of Reference	Tender documents/Terms of reference based on PPA's Standard Tender Documents (4)Technical Specifications do not include brand names, trademarks, etc (5)		
Invitation to Tender					
3D					

3D1 - Fair, transparent and non-discriminatory rules apply for the selection of Tenderers	Fair and Transparent selection criteria applied for qualification	Sample of tender documents - Prequalification dossiers - Requests for quotations/propos als - Invitation to Tender - etc.	Subject Matter of Invitation to Tender conforms with contents of sample Invitations in the appropriate Standard Tender Document or Request for Proposal (9)		
3D2 - Procurement Entity ensures that Tender Specifications contain sustainability criteria	Promotion of sustainable purchases	Specification documents	 Specifications conform to the appropriate standards/label (4) Specification clearly outlining sustainability requirements in the tender document (5) 		
3D3 - Appropriate Margins of Preference are used in accordance with the Guidelines on Margins of Preference	Use of Margins of Preference	- Copy of Guidelines on Margins of Preference - Clauses on application of Margins of Preference in Tender Documents, Tender Evaluation Report	Does Entity use Margin of Preference (yes / no) Copy of Guidelines for Margin of Preference (2) Use of Margin of Preference in tender documents (2) Check Evaluation Reports for the use of Margins of Preference (5)		
Submission of Tender					
3E					

3E1 - Procurement Entity ensures consistency in the quality of tenders submitted at the Entity.	Ensuring of Consistency & Quality of Tender submission	- Clarity of tendering instructions - Appropriate tendering documents.	Evidence of Invitation and Submission Dates (1) Evidence of Time of Tender Closing (1) Evidence of Venue of Tender Opening (1) Evidence of Contact Address of Entity (1) Evidence of use of Appropriate Tender Documents (5)		
Tender Opening					
3F					
3F1 - Procurement Entity opens tenders at the same time as the deadline for the receipt of tenders	Tender Preparation Lead- time adherence	'- Minutes of tender opening process time for tender preparation	Specific Dates for Tender Opening - 4 Times for Tender Openings -3 Minutes of Tender Opening -2		
3F2 - Opening of tenders is conducted publicly according to defined procedures specified in the tender documents	Promotion of Transparent Public Tender Opening Process	- Advertisements or invitation letters tender Documents - Signed Attendance Sheet for tender opening - Signed pages of tender documents - Signed minutes of tender openings	Evidence of Advertisements/Invitation Letters (3) Signed pages of Tender Documents (2) Signed Minutes of Tender Openings (2) Signed Attendance sheet for Tender Opening (2)		

3F3 - Tenders received are registered, securely stored and kept confidential throughout the tendering process	Ensure Security & Confidentiality of Tenders	Secured Tender Box with evidence of responsibility - record of tender submissions	Secured tender box in place (5) Signed Record sheets for submission of tenders (4)		
3F4 - Procurement Entity keeps records of tender opening procedures	Records of Tender Openings	- Records of procurement process - Tender registers - Minutes of tender openings	Tender opening Register for all tenders (4) Minutes of Tender Opening (5)		
Tender Evaluation					
3G					
3G1 - Procurement Entity uses only the pre-disclosed criteria and clear methodology in Tender documents for evaluation	Ensure Objective Evaluation Criteria	Evaluation Criteria and Report consistent with provisions in Tender Documents	Evaluation report consistent with pre-disclosed Tendering requirements (9)		
Contract Award					
3H					
3H1 - All Tenderers are informed in a timely manner of tender results and contract award	Mandatory and Timely Publication of tender results	Notices/Notificatio n of Procurement Contract Awards to all Tenderers, General Public	Notification of Contract Award (3)Publication of Contract Awards (3)Copies of Letters to Unsuccessful Tenderers (3)		
CONTRACT MANAGEMENT					

Planning & Mobilization					
4A					
4A1 - Procurement Entity makes advance Payments on submission of acceptable guarantees	Compliance with Advance Mobilization Payment	- Advance Payment Certificate - Copy of advance payment guarantee	HAS ENTITY MADE AN ADVANCE PAYMENT? (YES/NO) Advance Payment Certificate (5) Copy of Advance Payment Guarantee (4)		
4A2 - Entity has guidelines for administration of contracts.	Ensuring effective contract implementation	existence of contract administration and quality control guidelines at the Entity	HAS THE ENTITY APPOINTED A CONTRACT ADMINISTRATOR? (YES/NO) Guidelines clearly indicate contract management proceedings with clear cut responsibilities for Contract Administrator (5) Expectations for each stage or milestone are clearly spelt out (2) Approval procedures and decision- making structures are available (2)		
4A3 - Outcomes and Milestones of contracts are clearly defined and reviewed	Definition of Project outcomes and milestones	Project/Work Plan	Delivery Schedule/Contract or Project Work Plan (9)		
Implementation					
Implementation					
4B					

4B1 - Effective problem-solving and contract amendment systems in place.	Ensuring effectiveness in Problem-solving and Contract Amendment	- Minutes of Project Team Meetings	Project Monitoring / Progress Reports (6) Frequency of project or project team meeting (3)		
Supervision					
4C					
4C1 - Project outcomes are achieved in a timely manner as planned and within budget	Ensure Timely delivery of Project outcomes	Project delivery reports	Project Delivery Reports (3) Compare Project delivery reports with Project Work Plan (2) Evidence of project completing on time (4)		
4C2 Procurement Entity ensures key social and environmental impacts are dressed on projects.	To ensure effective monitoring of sustainability impacts	Availability of Environmental Impact Statements on projects Availability of Social Impact Assessment Plan on Projects	Evidence of EPA Certification (3) Evidence of other regulatory Certification on social impact of projects (3) Evidence of EPA and other relevant regulatory bodies' monitoring reports (3)		
4C3 - Project implementation is undertaken with the active participation of suppliers, contractors and consultants	Ensure effective project or contract implementation	Progress Report from suppliers, contractors and consultants	Minutes of Project or Contract Implementation meeting with stakeholders (6) Frequency of meetings with project or contract stakeholders during implementation (3)		

4C4 Procurement entity ensures that there are effective contract risk management schemes or mechanisms.	Identify all potential risks related to the contract	Availability of risk management plans on projects or contracts	 Evidence of risk register and matrix (2) Evidence of risk assessment on projects or contracts (2) Evidence of risk mitigation or response measures on projects or contracts (2) Resolve disputes amicably (3) 		
4C5 Procurement Entity ensures a fair and appropriate contract closure.	Ensure effective project or contract closure	Project or contract closure plan	Copy of contract or project closure checklist (3) Copy of contract or project closure letters/certificates (6)		
Inspection					
4D					
4D1 - Physical verification of delivered goods, inspection of the works or review of services is undertaken in compliance with the contract provisions.	Physical verification of goods and inspection of completed works	Field and/or spot- check Reports - Stores Recipt Voucher - Handing Over Certificates - Completion/Deliv ery Reports	Copy of Handing Over Certificates (2)Completion / Delivery Reports (2)Evidence of final inspection of project or contract deliverables by stakeholders (2) Evidence of acceptance of final project or contract deliverables by Procurement Entity (3)		
Inventory Control and Disposal					
4E					

4E1 - Goods/materials are stored and issued in accordance with stock control policy	Enure adherence to Stock Control Policy	Stock Control Record Systems	Evidence and Use of Stores Receipt Advice (SRA) (2) Evidence and use of Stores Ledger Book (2) Records of Tally Cards (2) Evidence of Requistion and Issue Voucher (2) Return to Store Voucher (1)		
4E2 - Procurement Entity ensures that Suppliers have sustainable solutions for the disposal of goods and equipment	Ensure compliance with sustainabe disposal solutions by suppliers	Goods and equipment disposal conditions and clauses	Contract contains Binding Disposal Condition (2) Contract is properly signed by both parties (1) Report or certified document of appropriate goods or equipment disposal by suppliers (3) Evidence of recycled goods or refurbished equipment by suppliers (3)		
4E3 Procurement entity ensures an effective sustainability performance reporting system.	To demonstrate results of sustainability initiatives	Sustainability performance report	Clear SPP Targets are contained in the sustainability performance report (2) Contract contains effective monitoring clauses (2) Key Performance Indicators (KPI) used to check sustainability targets are clear, monitored and documented for Review (3) Evidence of reported deviations and how it was addressed (2)		

4E4 - Disposal of goods and equipment made in accordance with provisions of PPA guidelines.	Effective Store Disposal Procedures	Report from Board Survey Records of Disposal of items	HAS ENTITY ENGAGED IN DISPOSAL OF ITEMS? (YES/NO) Membership of the Board of Survey (3) Minutes of Board of Survey Meetings (3) Record of Disposed Items (3)		
Reporting					
4F					
4F1 - Effective monitoring and evaluation of contracts in place	Regular report on Project Implementation	Progress and/or Periodic Reports	Evidence of Report for contract monitoring and evaluation (9)		

APPENDIX 3 – CONTRACT DATA SHEET

CONTRACT DATA SHEET

CONTRACT NAME	PACKAGE NUMBER	CONTRACTOR / SUPPLIER / CONSULTANT	PROCUREMENT CATEGORY ¹	PROCUREMENT METHOD ²	PRE – QUALIFICATION (Yes/No)	STANDARD TENDER DOCUMENT USED (Yes / No)	ADVERTISEMENT FOR TENDER (Yes / No)

Goods, Works, Services
 ICT – International Competitive Tendering, NCT – National Competitive Tendering, PQ – Price Quotations, RT – Restricted Tendering, SS – Single Source, L/MVP – Low/Minor Value Procurement

WAS TENDER ADVERTISED? (Yes/No)	DATE OF INVITATION TO TENDER	DATE OF CLOSING / OPENING OF TENDER	PUBLIC OPENING (Yes / No)	NUMBER OF TENDERS RECEIVED	NUMBER OF RESPONSIVE TENDERS	NUMBER OF COMPLAINTS / PROTESTS RECEIVED	NUMBER OF COMPLAINTS /PROTESTS SOLVED	OUTCOME CHANGED FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS / PROTESTS	BUDGETED CONTRACT AMOUNT GH¢	CONTRACT AMOUNT SIGNED GH¢

DATE OF CONTRACT AWARD	ADVERTISE- MENT OF AWARD (Yes / No)	ACTUAL CONTRACT AMOUNT (Completed Contracts) GH¢	AMOUNT OF ADVANCE PAYMENT (if any) GH¢	WAS ADVANCE PAYMENT GUARNTEED (Yes / No)	DISPUTES AFTER CONTRACT AWARD (Yes/No)	NUMBER OF INVOICES PAID WITHIN PERIOD OF PAYMENT	NUMBER OF INVOICES PAID AFTER PERIOD OF PAYMENT	AVAILABILITY OF CONTRACT COMPLETION REPORT (Yes / No)	CONTRACT COMPLETED WITH ACCEPTABLE PERFORMANCE

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APPENDIX 4: COPIES	S OF NEWSPAPER	ADVERTISEMENTS